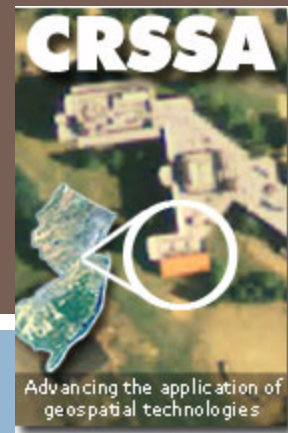


NEW JERSEY INTERACTIVE ONLINE SEA LEVEL RISE AND FLOOD MAPPING WEBSITE

Lisa Auermuller
Rick Lathrop



Collaboration

- The project is a collaboration between the Rutgers University Center for Remote Sensing & Spatial Analysis (CRSSA), the Jacques Cousteau National Estuarine Research Reserve (JC NERR), and the NOAA Coastal Services Center.
- Funding for the project came from the NOAA Cooperative Institute for Coastal and Estuarine Environmental Technology (CICEET)

Sea Level Rise: It's all in your perspective.



How do we deal with Sea Level Rise?



....Or not deal with it....?



What are WE doing about it?

Created an
Interactive Sea Level
Rise and Flooding
Vulnerability
Mapping Website to
aid place-based
decision-making



How are we doing this?

- Website Usability Testing
- Needs Assessment
- Beta Version
- “Final” version



Usability Testing

A digital media evaluation method that measures the effectiveness of your digital product with members of your target audience.

- Verify appeal of designs
- Verify effectiveness of designs
- Determine usefulness of content
- Determine how best to display data

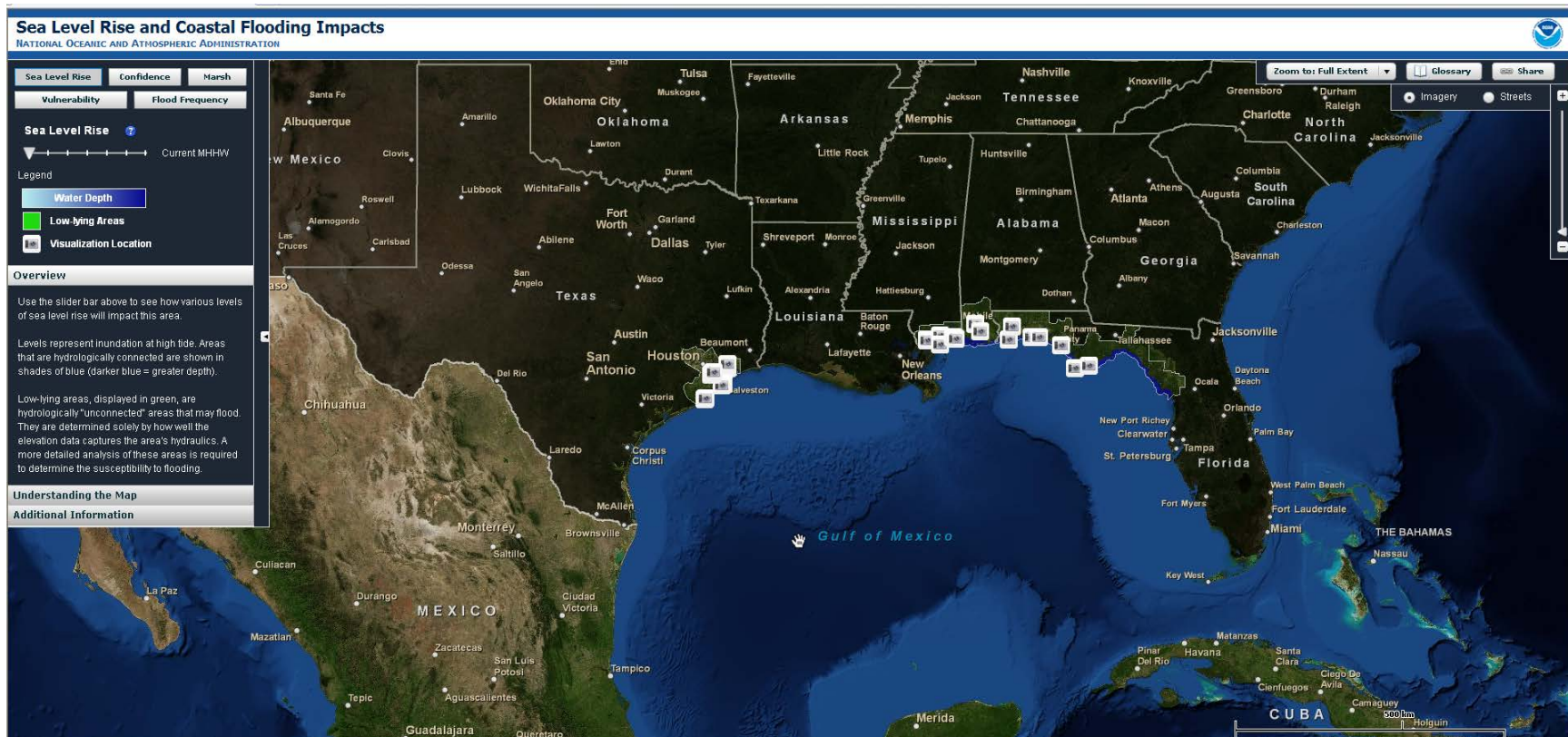


Usability Results – The Must Haves!

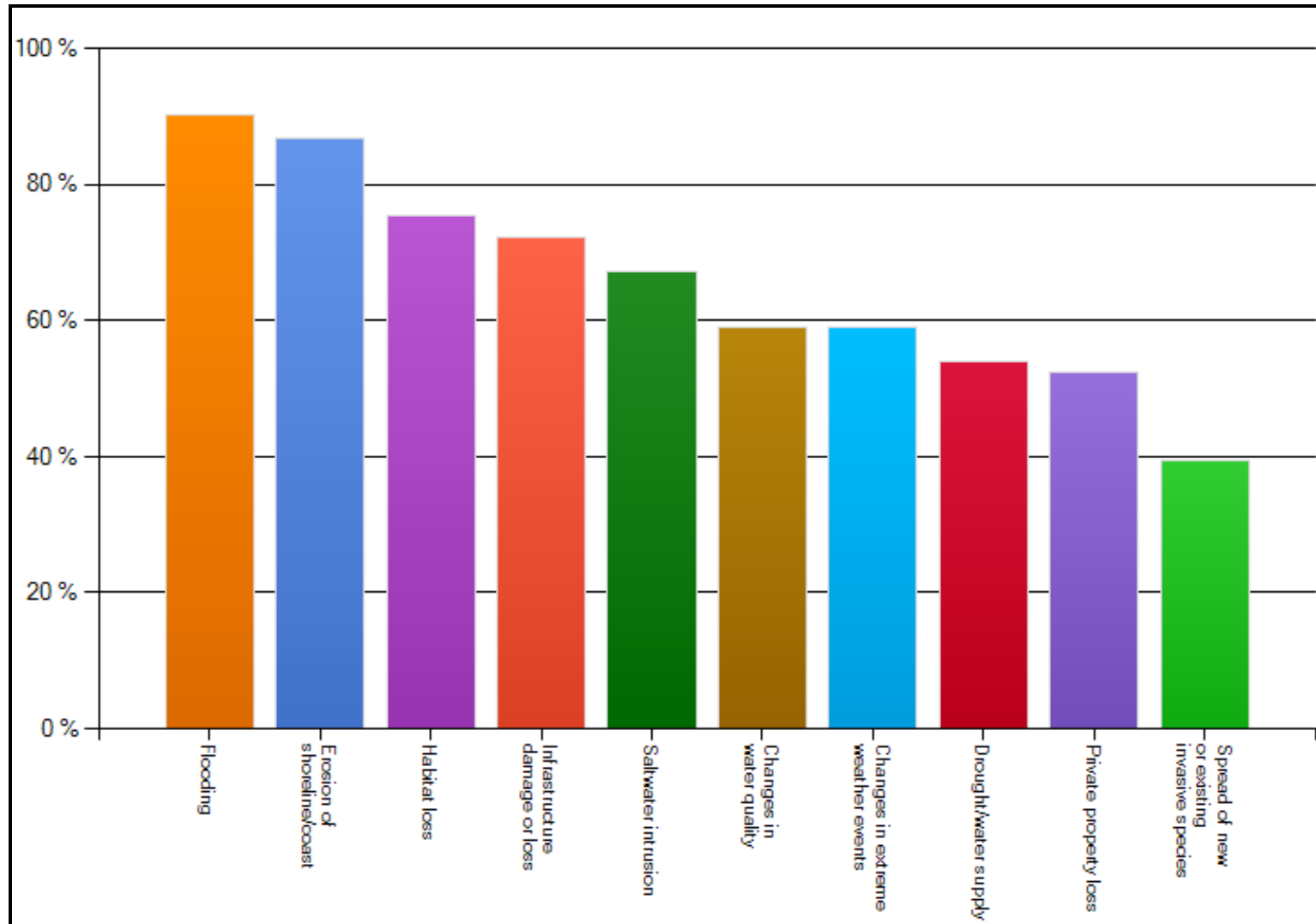
- ❑ *Website Introduction/Overview and Directions are Critical*
- ❑ *Help, Tutorial, FAQ's, Keys, Legends, Roll Over Descriptions and a Search Box are Important*
- ❑ *Definition Terminology - Provide background and justification*
- ❑ *Google-maps Platform was User-Friendly*
- ❑ *A Picture Tells a Thousand Words*
- ❑ *A Slider Bar is Effective*
- ❑ *Data Layers are Useful*
- ❑ *Website Interactivity (i.e. User-defined Analyses and Scenarios)*
- ❑ *Allow for Map/Analyses Download*

The “Uber” Website?

www.csc.noaa.gov/digitalcoast/tools/slrviewer/

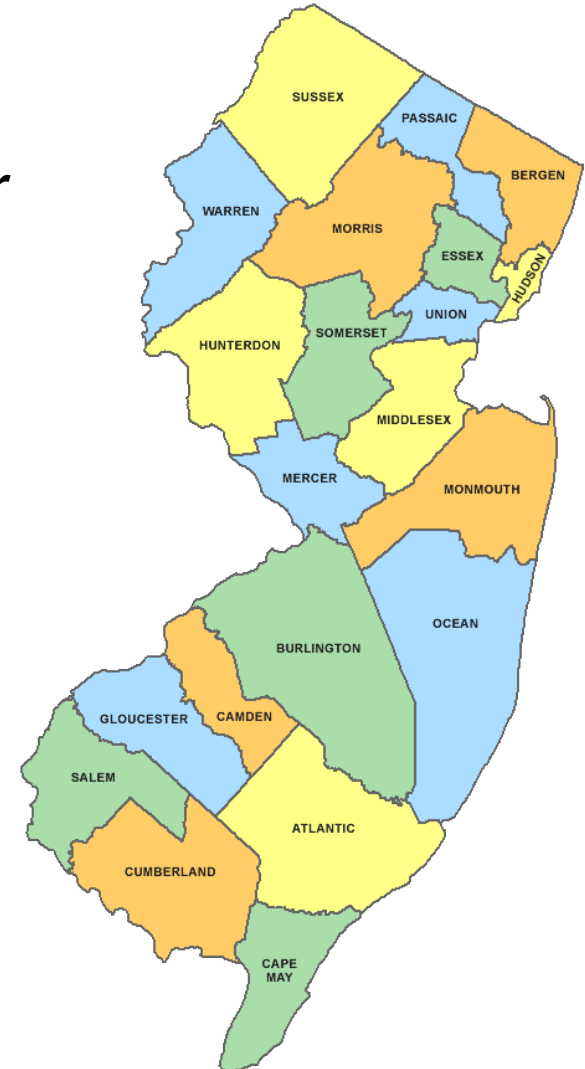


Needs Assessment



Beta Version with testing...

- Additional flooding layers
- Show SLR and flooding together
- Iconic Jersey Shore locations
- Layer transparency
- Municipal Boundaries



Website Demonstration

- *Website Overview and Directions are Critical*
- *Help, Tutorial, FAQ's, Keys, Legends, Roll Over Descriptions and a Search Box are Important*
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- *Allow for Map/Analyses Download*

FloodMapper Website



Funding provided by HIOAA's Cooperative Institute for Coastal and Estuarine Environmental Technologies (CICEET), and Sustainable New Jersey

Produced in collaboration with the HIOAA Coastal Services Center (CSC) through a partnership with the Jacques Cousteau National Estuarine Research Reserve (JCNERR) and the Grant F. Walton Center for Remote Sensing and Spatial Analysis (CRSSA), Rutgers University

About



Resources

This interactive mapping website was designed and created to provide a user-friendly visualization tool that will help get information into the hands of local communities who need to make decisions concerning flooding hazards and sea level rise.

This website should be used to promote enhanced preparedness and land use planning decisions with considerations for possible future conditions.

<http://slrviewer.rutgers.edu/>

Website composed by the Grant F. Walton Center for Remote Sensing and Spatial Analysis (CRSSA), Rutgers University, in partnership with the Jacques Cousteau National Estuarine Research Reserve (JCNERR), and in collaboration with the NOAA Coastal Services Center (CSC), © 2012. CURRENTLY DRAFT STATUS as of 08/20/2012.

NJ Flood Mapper

Jacques Cousteau National Estuarine Research Reserve (JCNERR)
Grant F. Walton Center for Remote Sensing and Spatial Analysis (CRSSA)

[Home](#) > [About](#) > [NJ Flood Mapper Overview](#)

OVERVIEW

IS SEA LEVEL RISING?

HOW DOES SEA LEVEL RISE AND STORM SURGE INTERACT?

WHY IS THE SEA LEVEL RISING?

HOW DO TIDAL CYCLES AFFECT COASTAL FLOODING?

CLIMATE CHANGE AND FLOODING

HOW CAN NJ FLOOD MAPPER BE USED FOR LONG RANGE PLANNING?

NOW WHAT DOES MY COMMUNITY DO?

CITED SOURCES

NJ FLOOD MAPPER OVERVIEW

This interactive mapping website was designed and created to provide a user-friendly visualization tool that will help get information into the hands of local communities who need to make decisions concerning flooding hazards and sea level rise. This website should be used to promote enhanced preparedness and land use planning decisions with considerations for possible future conditions.

The *NJFloodMapper* uses high resolution mapping of the land surface elevation to model areas vulnerable to sea level rise. FEMA Q3 floodplain maps, coastal evacuation routes, state/municipal level infrastructure and socio-demographic information are included to provide a fuller picture of vulnerability to flooding hazards.

This project is a collaboration with the NOAA Coastal Services Center (CSC) through a partnership with the Jacques Cousteau National Estuarine Research Reserve (JCNERR) and the Grant F. Walton Center for Remote Sensing and Spatial Analysis (CRSSA), Rutgers University.

Contact

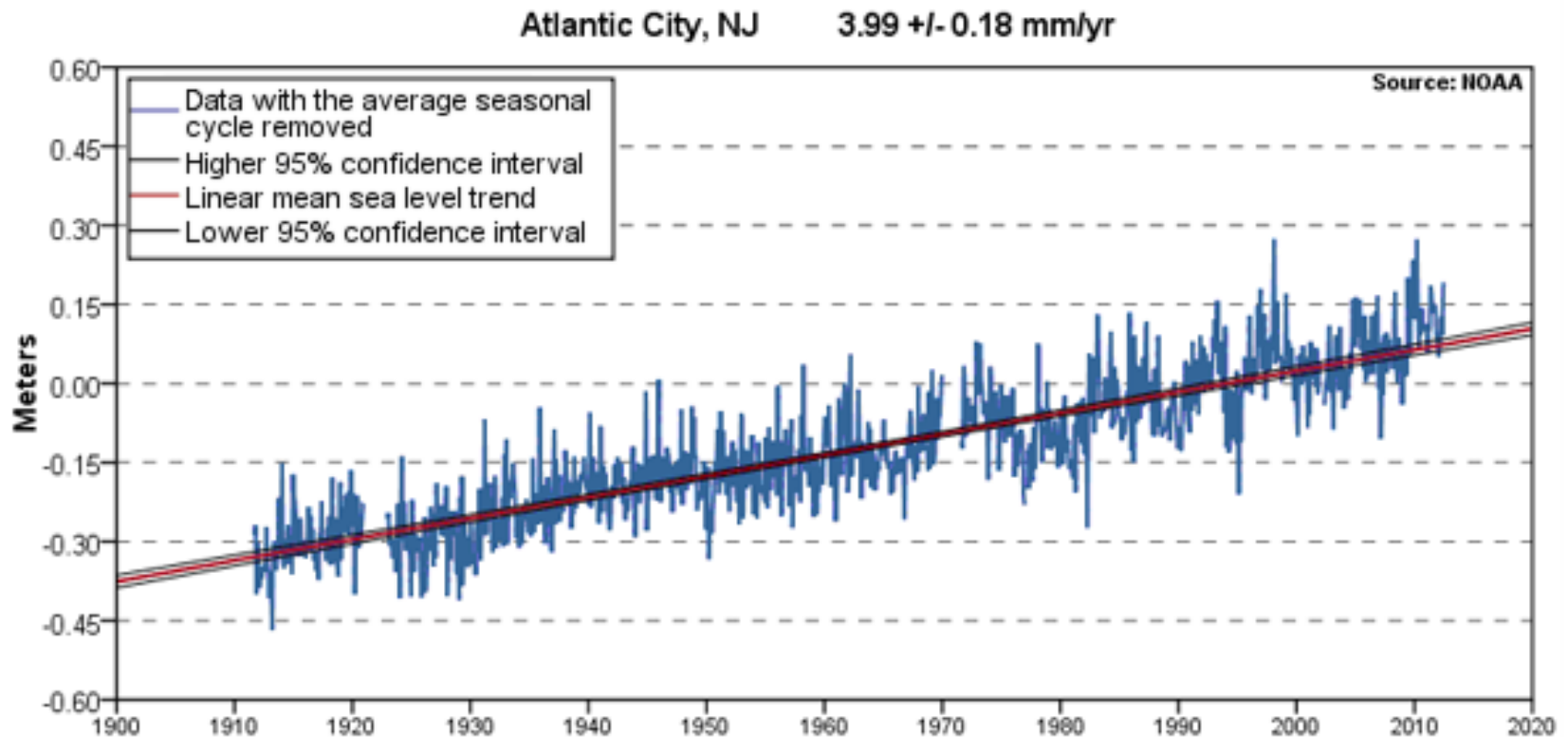
For planning assistance to coastal communities:

Lisa M. Auermuller
Watershed and Coastal Training Program
Coordinator
Jacques Cousteau National Estuarine
Research Reserve (JCNERR)
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Tuckerton, NJ 08087
609-812-0649 x 204
auernull@marine.rutgers.edu

For information about NJFloodMapper:

Richard Lathrop
Director, Grant F. Walton Center for Remote
Sensing and Spatial Analysis (CRSSA)
Cook Campus, Rutgers University
14 College Farm Road
New Brunswick, NJ 08901
732-932-1580
lathrop@crssa.rutgers.edu

Rising sea level is a physical reality that is impacting the New Jersey and the entire Mid-Atlantic coastline. Predicted future rates are expected to increase to 12 mm/yr (or 0.5 in/yr). This means that by 2050 sea level rise is expected to rise by approximately 1 foot and by 2100 sea level rise is projected to rise about 3 feet along the Jersey shore.



The mean sea level trend over the past century is 3.99 millimeters/year (0.15 in/yr) which is equivalent to a change of 1.31 feet in 100 years. Graphic Credit: NOAA

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/sltrends/sltrends_station.shtml?stnid=8534720%20Atlantic%20City,%20NJ

HOW CAN NJ FLOOD MAPPER BE USED FOR LONG RANGE PLANNING?

- This web application was designed to promote enhanced preparedness and land use planning decisions with considerations for possible future sea level rise. It was not designed as a real-time emergency operations tool.
- Many government officials and planners agree that the year 2050 represents a reasonable planning horizon. Scientists' best estimates are for an additional 1 foot of sea level rise by 2050. Given that normal tidal ranges often exceed 2 feet above MHHW, a 3 ft SLR is a suggested starting point for planning purposes.

NJ FLOOD MAPPER CAPABILITIES

- The *NJFloodMapper* uses high resolution mapping of the land surface elevation to model areas vulnerable to sea level rise. FEMA Q3 floodplain maps, coastal evacuation routes, state/municipal level infrastructure and socio-demographic information are included to provide a fuller picture of vulnerability to flooding hazards.

Sea Level Rise Confidence Marsh
Vulnerability Flooding Facilities

Sea Level Rise

Current MHHW

Legend

- Water Depth
- Low-lying Areas
- Visualization Location

Overview

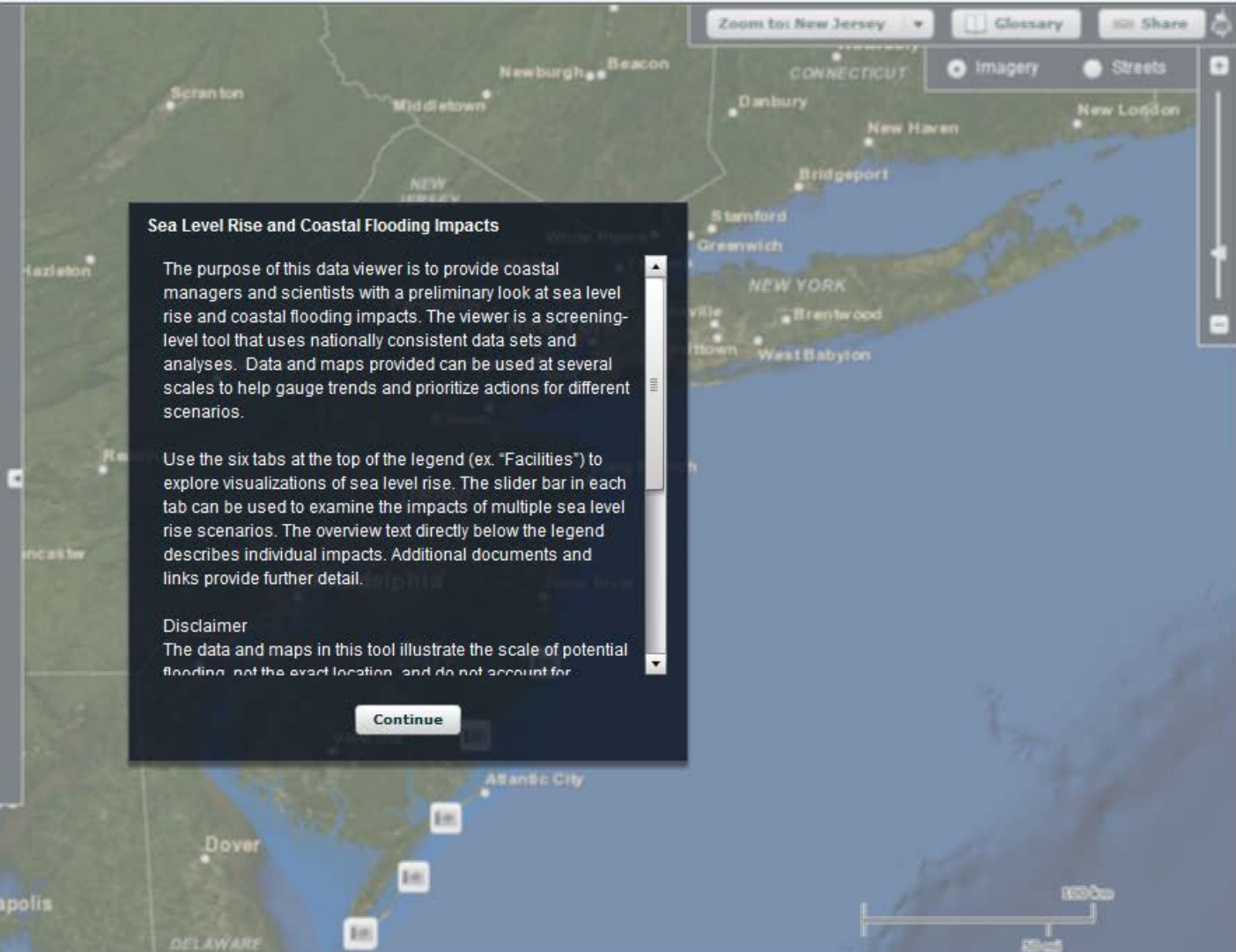
Use the slider bar above to see how various levels of sea level rise will impact this area.

Levels represent inundation at high tide. Areas that are hydrologically connected are shown in shades of blue (darker blue = greater depth).

Low-lying areas, displayed in green, are hydrologically "unconnected" areas that may flood. They are determined solely by how well the elevation data captures the area's hydraulics. A more detailed analysis of these areas is required to determine the susceptibility to flooding.

Understanding the Map

Additional Information



Sea Level Rise and Coastal Flooding Impacts

The purpose of this data viewer is to provide coastal managers and scientists with a preliminary look at sea level rise and coastal flooding impacts. The viewer is a screening-level tool that uses nationally consistent data sets and analyses. Data and maps provided can be used at several scales to help gauge trends and prioritize actions for different scenarios.

Use the six tabs at the top of the legend (ex. "Facilities") to explore visualizations of sea level rise. The slider bar in each tab can be used to examine the impacts of multiple sea level rise scenarios. The overview text directly below the legend describes individual impacts. Additional documents and links provide further detail.

Disclaimer
The data and maps in this tool illustrate the scale of potential flooding, not the exact location, and do not account for

Continue

Sea Level Rise Confidence Marsh

Vulnerability Flooding Facilities

Facility Locations

Current MHHW

Legend

Water Depth

- Schools
- Police Stations
- Hospitals
- Fire Stations
- Evacuation Routes

Visibility	Layer Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schools
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Public Safety
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hospitals
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Evacuation Routes

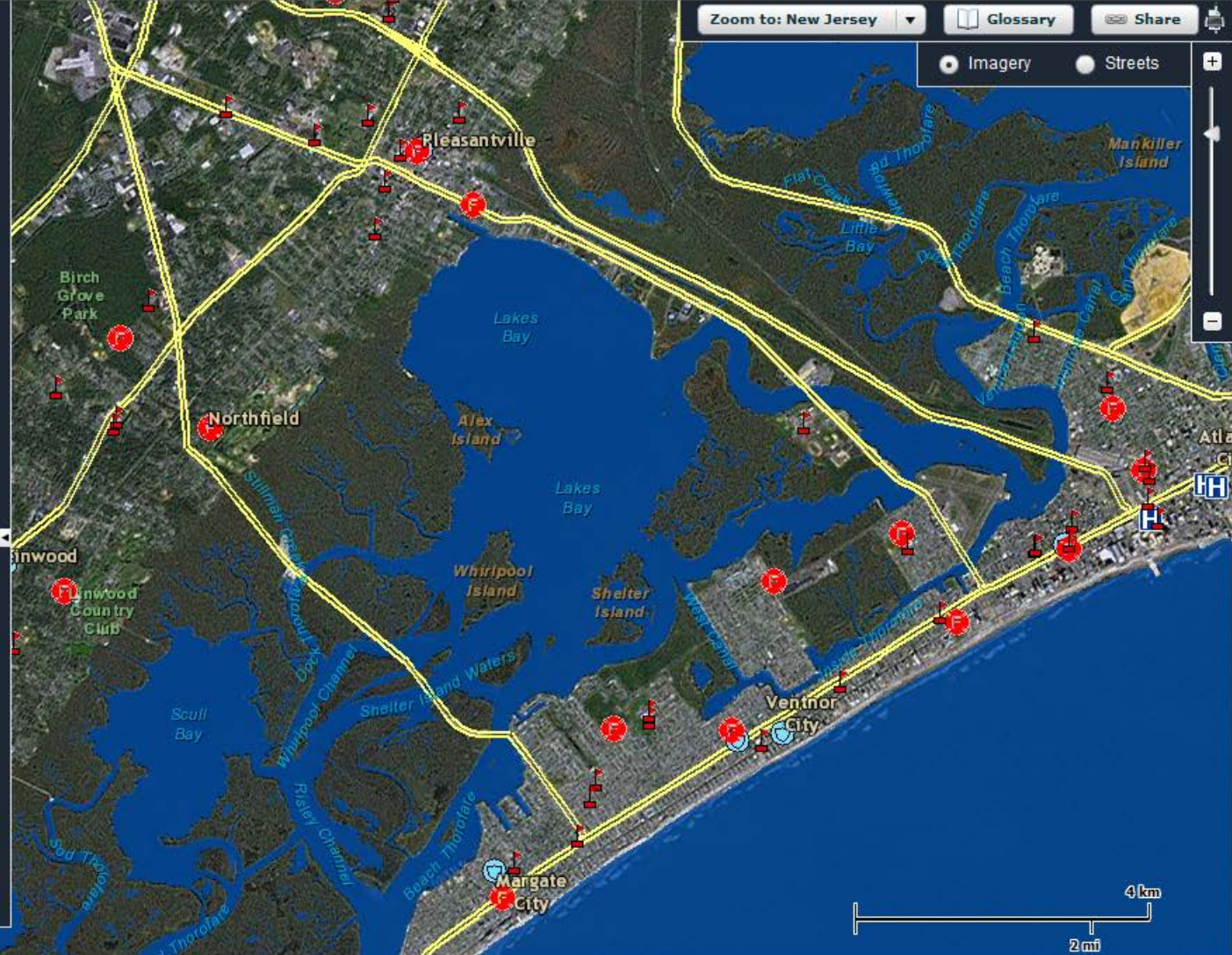
Overview

By overlaying facility locations on a map that depicts sea level rise, a community can identify the potential impact that sea level rise can have on vulnerable locations.

The location of various facilities are depicted on this map.

Understanding the Map

Additional Information



Zoom to: New Jersey Glossary Share

Imagery Streets

Facilities

- The facility locations were originally developed from the Federal Emergency Management Agency HAZUS data set and then quality checked for locational accuracy.
- The evacuation route data were provided by the NJ Department of Transportation. Many of the bridges were not attributed with heights, requiring an analyst to ascertain a minimum span height.

Sea Level Rise Confidence Marsh
 Vulnerability Flooding Facilities

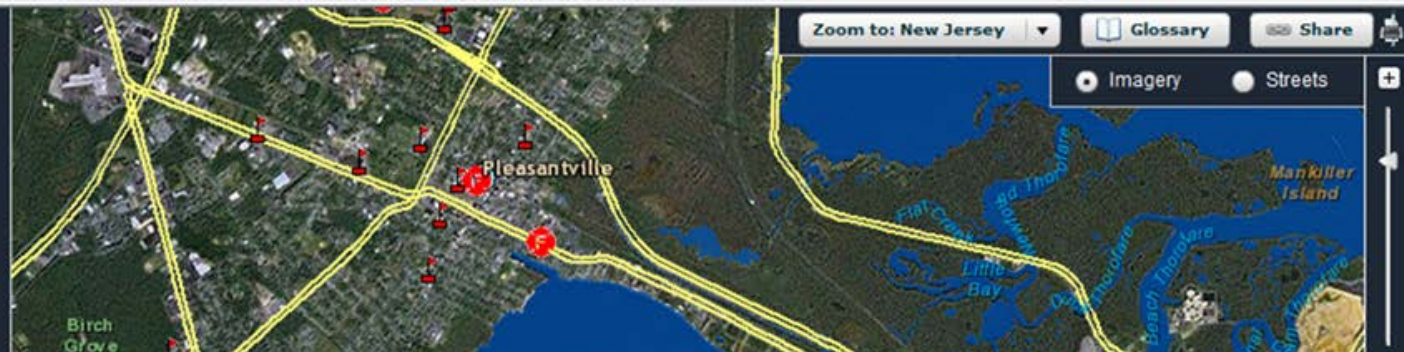
Facility Locations ?

▼ ———— Current MHHW

Legend

Water Depth

Schools Police Stations



Sea Level Rise Confidence Marsh
 Vulnerability Flooding Facilities

Facility Locations ?

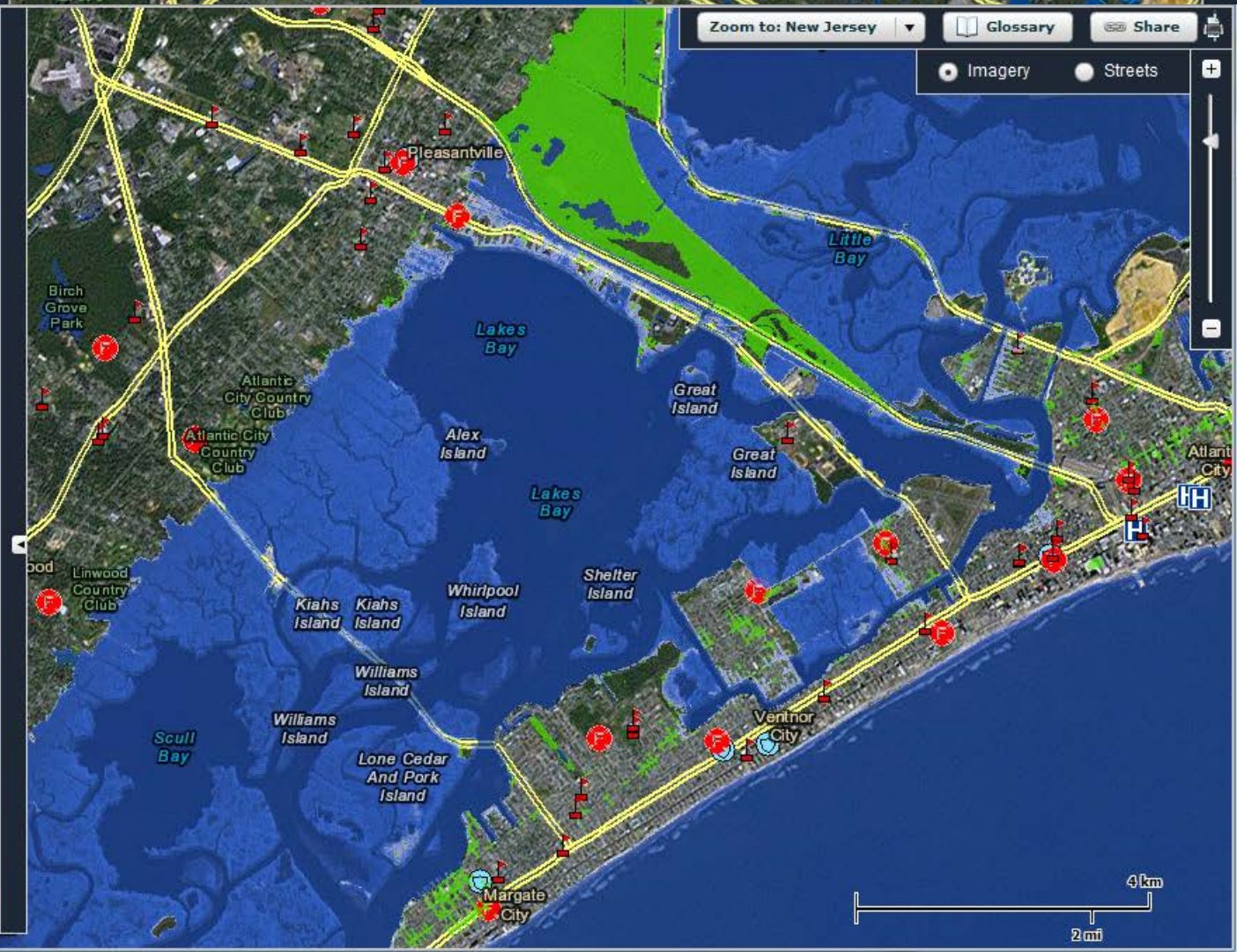
——— 6 ft SLR ▼

Legend

Water Depth

Schools Police Stations
 Hospitals Fire Stations
 Evacuation Routes

Visibility	Layer Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schools
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Public Safety
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hospitals
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Evacuation Routes



Overview

By overlaying facility locations on a map that depicts sea level rise, a community can identify the potential impact that sea level rise can have on vulnerable locations.

The location of various community facilities are depicted on this map.

Understanding the Map

Additional Information



Sea Level Rise Confidence Marsh
 Vulnerability Flooding Facilities

Sea Level Rise ?

▼ | | | | | Current MHHW

Legend

- Water Depth
- Low-lying Areas
- Visualization Location

Overview

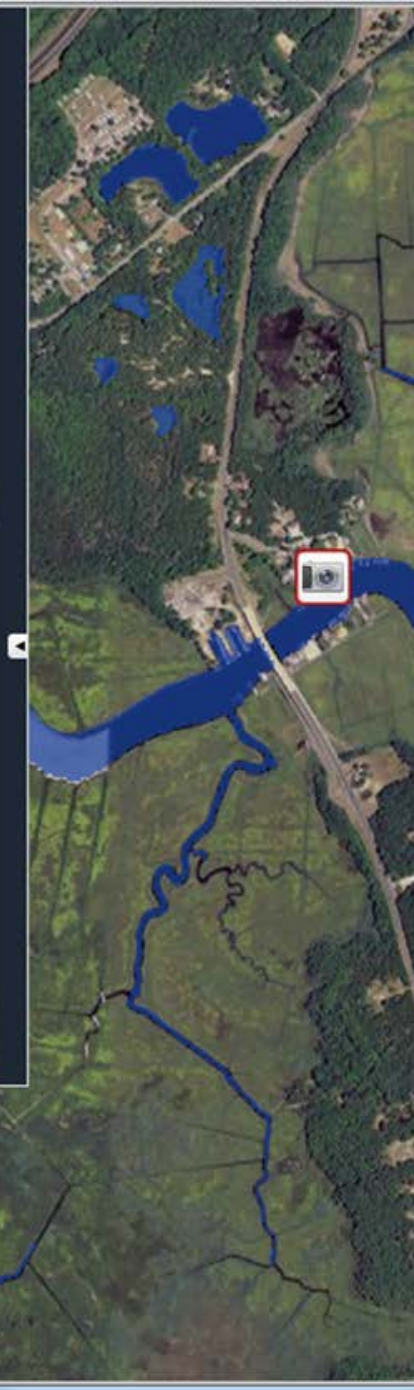
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Low-lying areas, displayed in green, are hydrologically "unconnected" areas that may flood. They are determined solely by how well the elevation data captures the area's hydraulics. A more detailed analysis of these areas is required to determine the susceptibility to flooding.

Understanding the Map

Additional Information



CRC Building



Use the slider to view a simulation of sea level rise at this location.

CRC Building



Use the slider to view a simulation of sea level rise at this location.

Sea Level Rise

Confidence

Marsh

Vulnerability

Flooding




Facilities

Marsh Impacts/Migration ?

6 ft SLR

Legend

Legend

-  unimpeded marsh retreat zone
-  impeded marsh retreat zone
-  tidal marsh

Overview

Understanding the Map

Additional Information

Zoom to: New Jersey

Glossary

Share

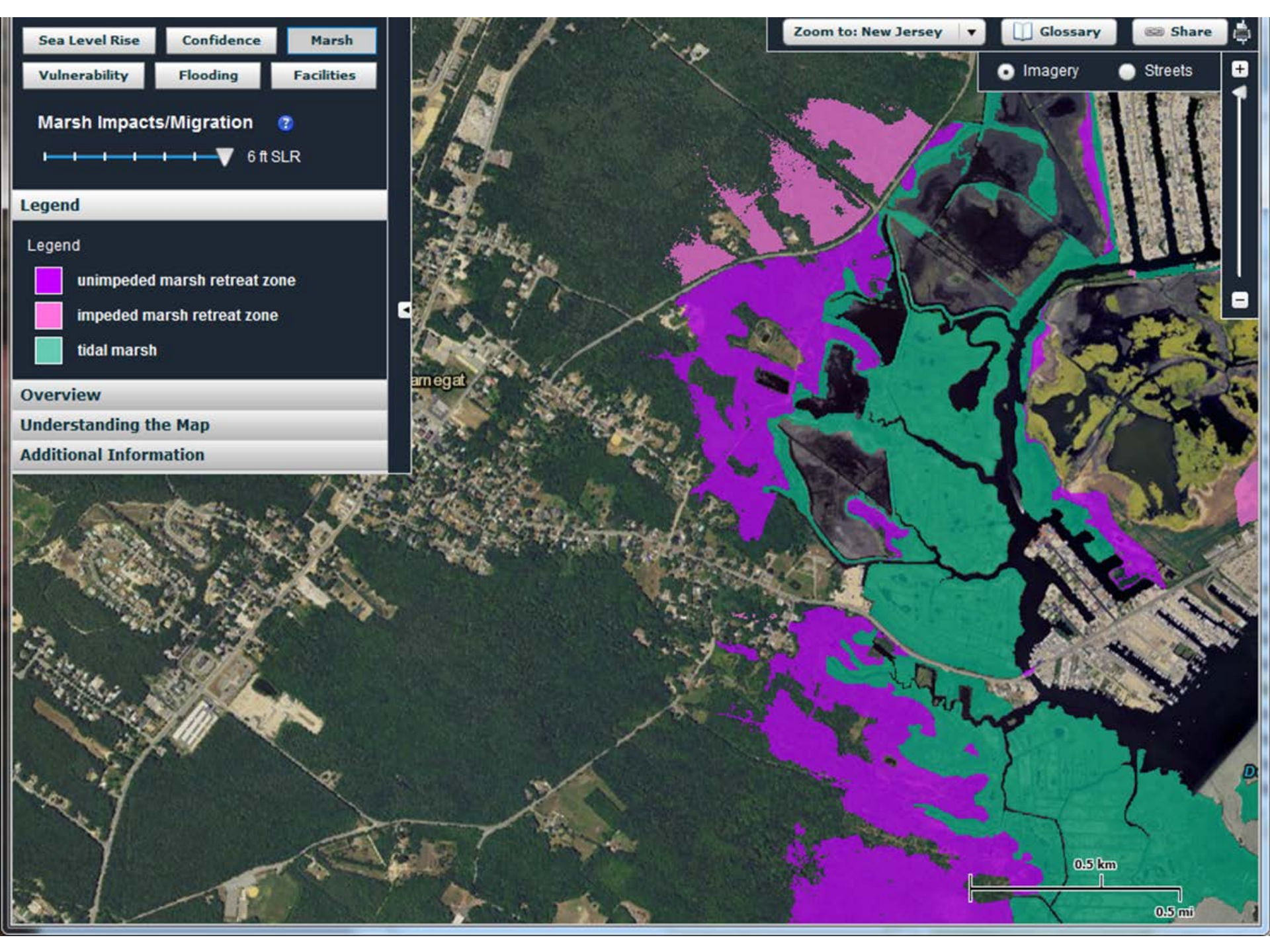
Imagery

Streets

amegat

0.5 km

0.5 mi



- Sea Level Rise
- Confidence
- Marsh
- Vulnerability
- Flooding**
- Facilities

Flood Hazard Areas ?

▼ ———— Current MHHW

Legend

- A: 100-year flooding; no BFE
- AE: 100-year flooding; BFE
- AO: 100-year flooding; 1-3 feet
- VE: 100-year flooding w/ velocity hazard
- X500: 500-year flooding
- D: undetermined; possible flood hazards
- ANI: area not included

[Detailed Class Descriptions](#)

Tide Gauges

Overview

The dark orange layer in the map represents areas designated by FEMA as areas susceptible to 100 year flood events, and the lighter orange layer as areas susceptible to 500 year flood events.

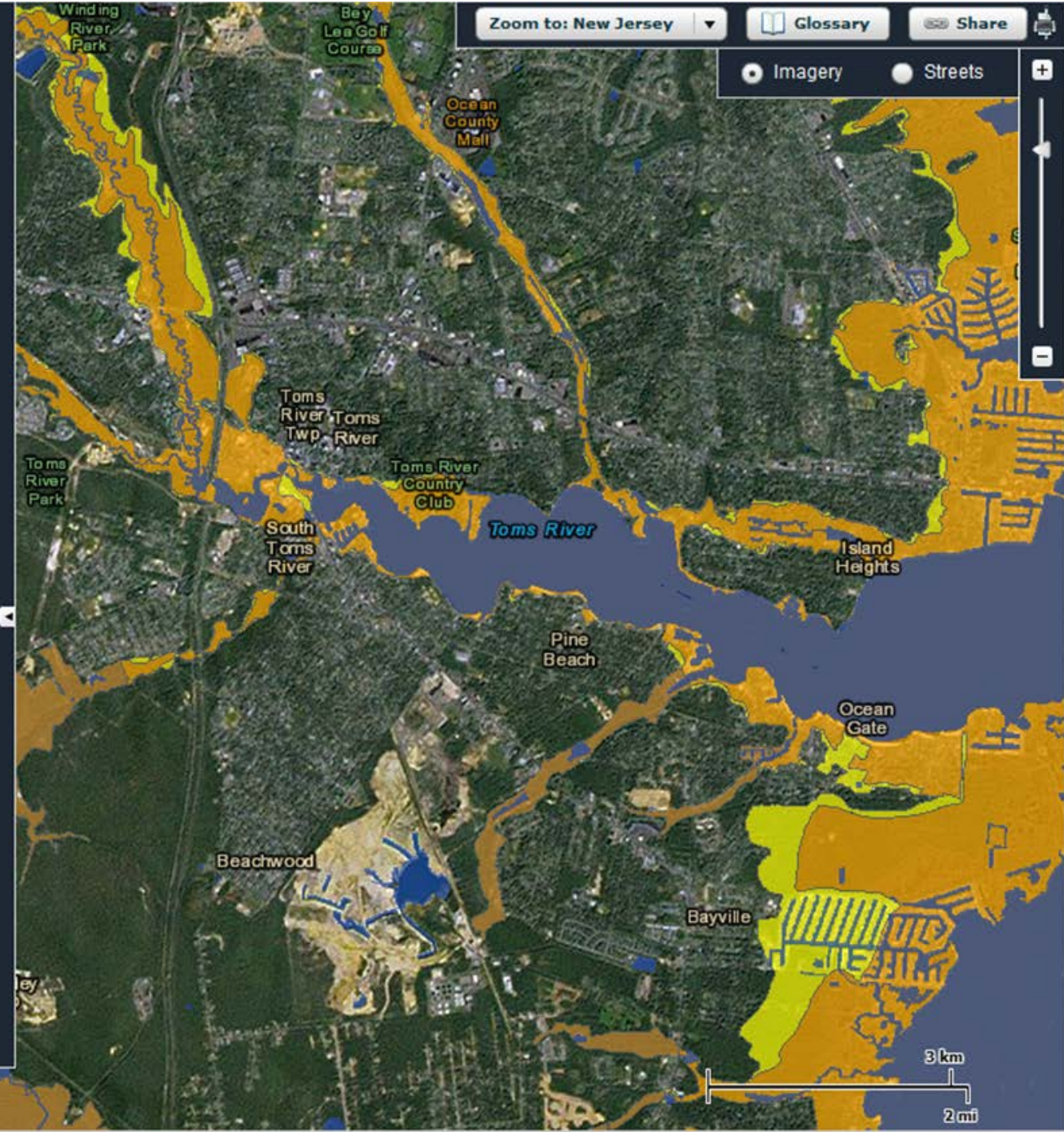
Click on a NOAA tide station in the map to see information on the current frequency of coastal flood events and durations as compared to hypothetical 1 to 3 foot sea level rise scenarios.

Understanding the Map

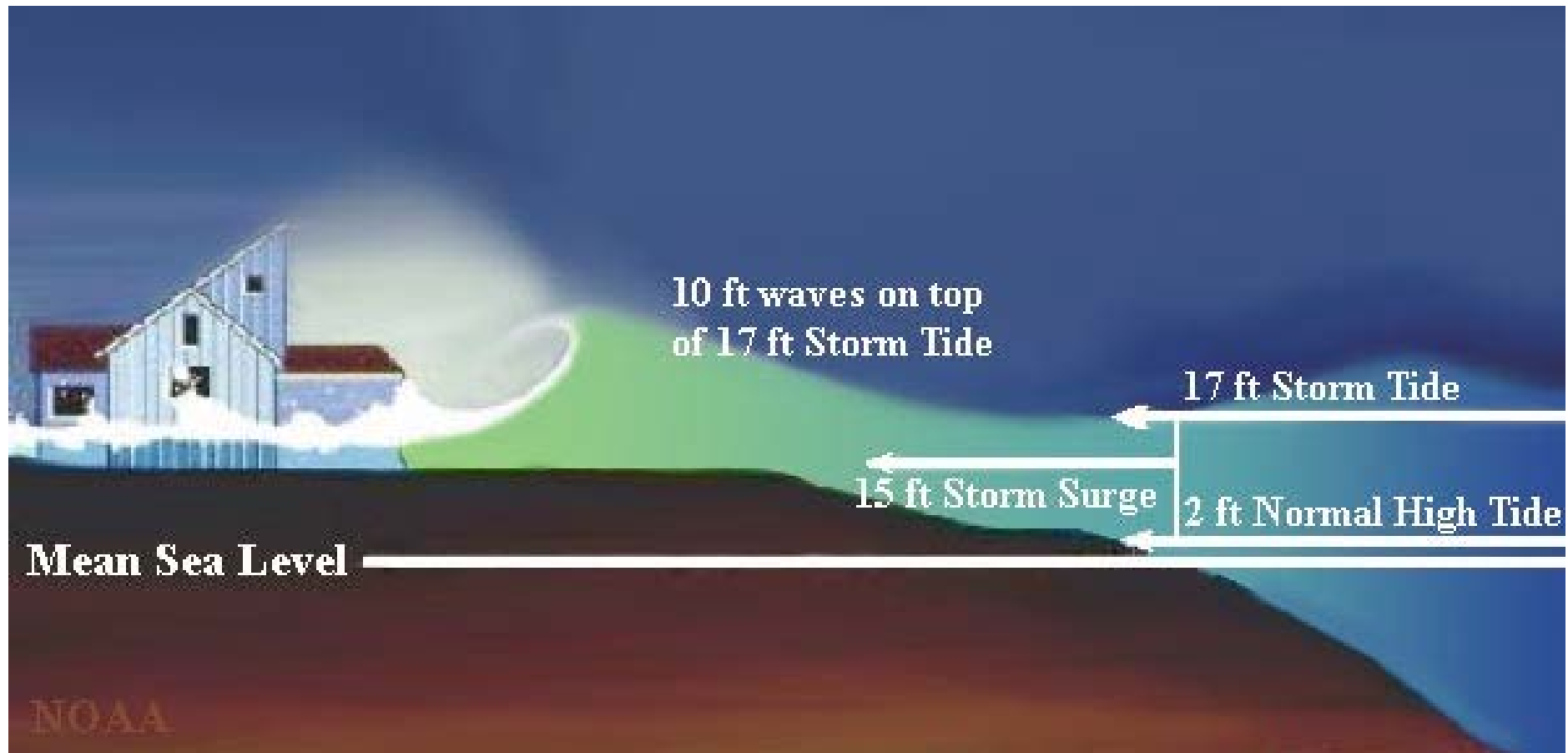
Additional Information

Zoom to: New Jersey Glossary Share

Imagery Streets



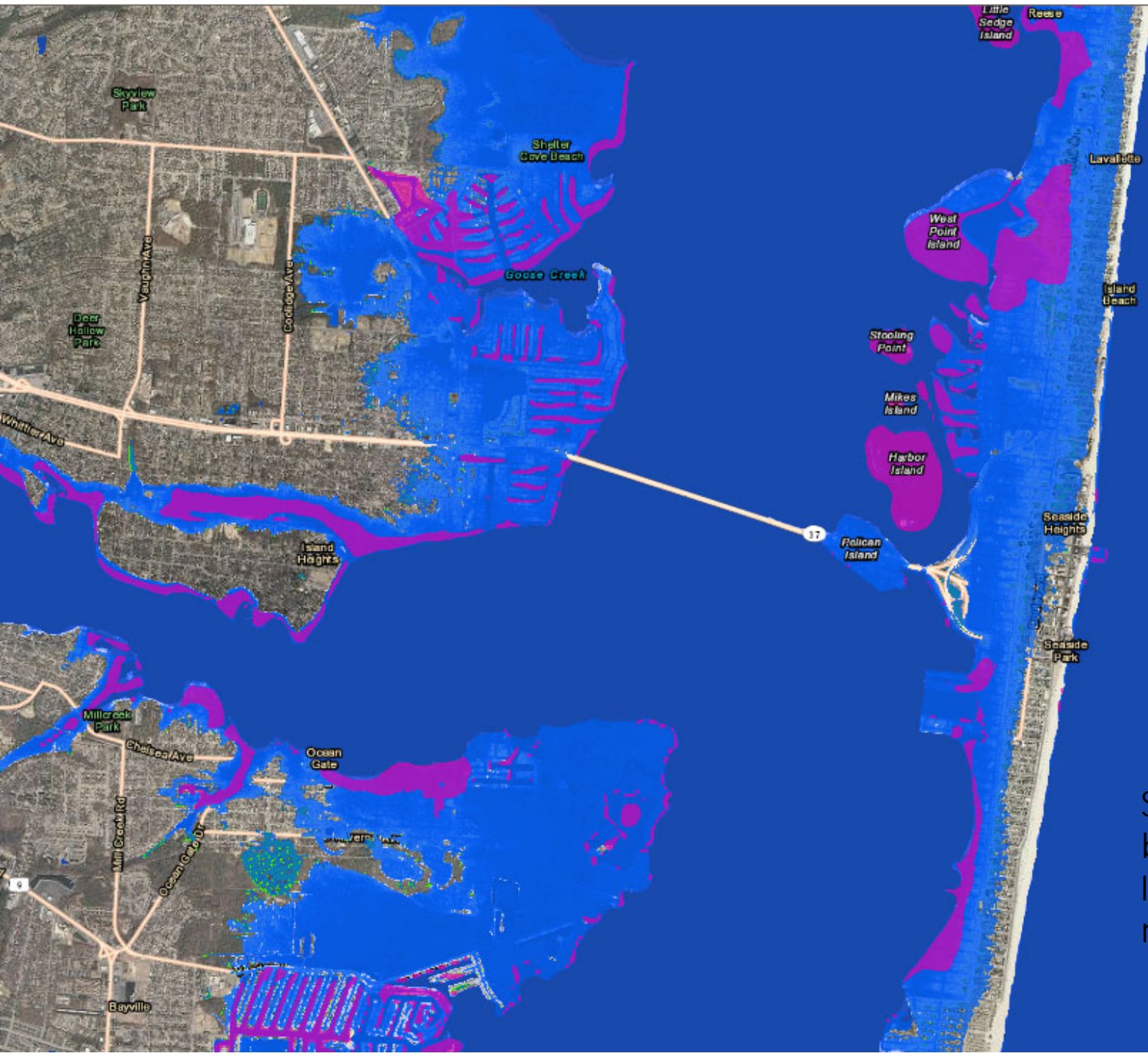
Storm Surge



Storm Tide = Storm Surge + Normal High Tide

Storm Surge

- While the NJFLOOD MAPPER tool does not explicitly model storm surge, higher sea levels associated with possible storm surge (on top of expected SLR) can be visualized using the NJFloodMapper tool.
- However, caution is warranted in that, as Hurricane Sandy has demonstrated, extremely severe storms may have surge levels + wave heights higher than the 6 ft SLR mapped here.



Sandy in
blue
Irene in
magenta

Where we should be going...

NOAA / NWS's Meteorological Development Laboratory

Probabilistic Hurricane Storm Surge

Home News Organization

Local forecast by "City, St"

City, St

Active Storm Archive Download

Storm: Sandy2012 Adv31

Tropical Cyclone That Have a 10 in XX Sandy (2012) Valid from 11 PM

Choices
Active Storm
Archive
Download
Product Description
Talks
About

Resources
NHC

Contact us
arthur.taylor

Government Made Easy

Urban Ocean Observatory at the Center for Maritime Systems

Present Conditions NYHOPS Forecast NJ Coast (CMN) Storm Surge Mobile Stations CMS Partners Data & Time Series

CMS Storm Surge Warning System

Forecast Period: 2012-12-05 10:00 AM through 2012-12-08 12:00 AM ET

Map Satellite Hybrid Terrain

Station:

Marker color indicates current water level. Blinking markers indicate predicted flooding.

To register for email flooding notifications, or to update registration information, enter your primary email and click the Manage... button:

If you have questions or comments, please contact:
[Dr. Nickitas Georgas](#)

[Latest News about SSWS as of April 20, 2012](#)

[SSWS: A Presentation of How it Works!](#)

Height (in feet above NGVD-29)

Challenges

- V-DATUM corrections and SLR water surface generation: processing intensive
- NOAA CSC SLRViewer template written in older version of ArcFlex (version 1.2), limiting the incorporation of some features desired by the end-users
- Maintaining up-to-date information on facilities and evacuation routes. Ideally these data would be ingested from a web feature service hosted by the originating agency.

FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS



- We are presently working on refining the development of socio-economic indices of vulnerability.
- As the barrier island terrain has changed in places post-Sandy, updated LiDAR-derived topography will be incorporated as it is made available (and as appropriate).
- We will continue to add and update critical facilities and infrastructure data.

Closing Thoughts

- Geographic Visualization → Place-based decision support system
- NJFloodMapper as a vehicle to innovate with
- National consistency vs. local customization
 - ▣ SLR data
 - ▣ tools

New Jersey Sea Level Rise and Coastal Inundation Mapper: Summary





To address these needs, we have developed the New Jersey Sea Level Rise and Coastal Inundation Mapper (www.NJFloodMapper.com) to help decision-makers visualize the vulnerability of key infrastructure within their communities to sea level rise or storm surge. The project had three main outcomes:

- 1) Enhanced GIS/LiDAR- based assessment of coastal infrastructure and habitat vulnerability to sea level rise;
- 2) Collaboration with user groups to develop a suite internet-accessible, user-friendly mapping and visualization tools to meet their identified needs; and
- 3) Extensive outreach to local communities to promote enhanced preparedness and land use planning decisions in the face of continued sea level rise.

Almost ready to go operational

Now Live: NJ Flood Mapper Website

To Improve the Management of Coastal Ecosystems through Science, Education and Stewardship



Through a partnership with the JC NERR and Rutgers Center for Remote Sensing and Spatial Analysis, an interactive flood mapping website is available. The new Google Maps-based website allows users to view sea level rise scenarios from 0 to 6 feet, while overlaying GIS layers such as critical municipal facilities, evacuation routes, and floodplain layers. Flood maps from FEMA and the NJ DEP can also be viewed as additional data sets.

Who Will Benefit:



- Municipal officials
- Emergency Managers
- Planners
- Resource Managers
- Floodplain Administrators

What the Map Will Show:

- Modeled Flooding due to Sea Level Rise
- Evacuation Routes
- Locations of Critical Facilities
- Modeled Marsh Migration

www.NJFloodMapper.org

The funding for the development of the website was made possible by NOAA's Cooperative Institute for Coastal and Estuarine Environmental Technologies (CICEET).



James G. Meade III
Rutgers, NJC
CI Director
James@ci.rutgers.edu

NJ FLOOD MAPPER

Overview

The purpose of this data viewer is to provide coastal managers and scientists with a preliminary look at sea level rise and flooding impacts. The viewer is a working tool that uses carefully considered datasets and analyses. Data and maps provided can be used for planning purposes and to help gauge trends and prioritize actions for current and future flooding events.



www.NJFloodMapper.org